

Summary of basic power series

$$\sin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots \quad \text{for all } x$$

$$\cos x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n}}{(2n)!} = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots \quad \text{for all } x$$

$$\frac{1}{1+x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^n = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + x^4 - \dots \quad \text{for } -1 < x < 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots \quad \text{for } -1 < x < 1$$

$$e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!} = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots \quad \text{for all } x$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right) = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} = 2\left(x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \dots\right) \quad \text{for } -1 < x < 1$$

$$\ln(1+x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{x^n}{n} = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots \quad \text{for } -1 < x \leq 1$$

$$(1+x)^k = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{k(k-1)(k-2)\cdots(k-n+1)}{n!} x^n =$$

$$1 + kx + \frac{k(k-1)x^2}{2!} + \frac{k(k-1)(k-2)x^3}{3!} + \frac{k(k-1)(k-2)(k-3)x^4}{4!} + \dots \quad \text{for } -1 < x < 1^*$$

* convergence at endpoints depends upon k

$$\tan^{-1} x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^7}{7} + \dots \quad \text{for } -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\sin^{-1} x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)! x^{2n+1}}{(2^n n!)^2 (2n+1)} = x + \frac{x^3}{2 \cdot 3} + \frac{1 \cdot 3 x^5}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} + \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 x^7}{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 7} + \dots \quad \text{for } -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

Taylor's Series & Remainder

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(c)}{n!} (x-c)^n = f(c) + f'(c)(x-c) + \frac{f''(c)(x-c)^2}{2!} + \frac{f'''(c)(x-c)^3}{3!} + \frac{f^{(4)}(c)(x-c)^4}{4!} + \dots$$

with $R_n = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(z)(x-c)^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}$ where z is between c and x .